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## Challenges in New Textbook Adoption in immersion setting

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## Our School

[John Stanford International School](http://www.jsisweb.com/)  
Public school in Seattle, WA  
K-5<sup>th</sup> grade  
Since 2001  
[www.jsisweb.com/](http://www.jsisweb.com/)



## Purpose

- To inform administrators, other immersion teachers, and public of challenges in adopting a new subject-area textbook
- To discuss potential professional development opportunities for immersion teachers
- To share effective Math immersion teaching practice

## Questions

- What are challenges for immersion programs in adopting new textbooks?
- How can immersion teachers learn and grow from new textbook adoption?
- What kind of instruction and assessment are effective when a new curriculum is adopted?

## Methodology

- Teacher anecdotal record, reflection, teacher questionnaire
- Literature review, collegial collaboration

## How We Survived

- ☐ Support from administration
- Early release of materials
- Financial compensation
- ☐ Regular communication among immersion teachers including a math coach
- ☐ Support from other immersion programs

### Teacher Questionnaire

- o Adaptation success rates were 3 and 4.
- o Benefits
  - Forces teachers to collaborate and re-analyze and plan the instructions ahead.
  - Gives an opportunity to use and articulate the common math language
  - Gives closer attention to each student's progress
  - Increases home-school communication

### Challenges

- Lack of resources (time and money)
- Need for translation
- Pacing delay due to vocabulary level
- Simultaneous tasks (Concept understanding and language instruction)
- Preparation for high stake assessments
- Anxiety

### Second Language Teacher Education

Growing literature on teacher professional development

- "collective and interactive professionalism, according to which teachers become active agents in their professional development through collegial sharing and collaboration" (Sharpson & Day 1996)
- "...teachers must construct their own knowledge" (Tedick, 2005 from her forward)

### Toward Effective Practitioners

- Positive thinking
- Deeper subject-area knowledge
- Flexible attitude toward changes
- Opportunities to change & grow
- Opportunities for collaboration
- new opportunities to utilize immersion languages

### Curriculum Comparison

Textbook A	Intersection	Textbook B
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Linear</li><li>• Flexible pacing</li><li>• Less homework</li><li>• Support</li><li>• Less language based</li><li>• Flexible assessment</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Research-based</li><li>• Use of manipulative</li><li>• Widely-Used</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Spiral</li><li>• Strict pacing</li><li>• On-going homework support</li><li>• Language rich</li><li>• On-going assessment</li></ul>

### Backward Designs

```
graph TD; Standards --> Assessment; Assessment --> Knowledge_and_skills[Knowledge and skills]; Knowledge_and_skills --> Sequence; Sequence --> Teaching_and_coaching[Teaching and Coaching]; Teaching_and_coaching --> Standards;
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Wiggins (1998)

### Multiple Resources

- Expand your repertoire
- Learn new Math vocabulary and research findings

### How Are Students?

- New games, web access, new workbook
- New routines
- The State standardized test result shows

	08	07	06
5G	91	76	70
4G	65	80	74
3G	95	80	88

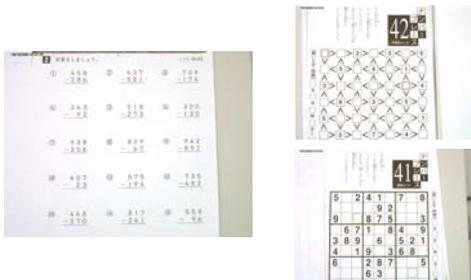
### Collaboration

- Communication with administrators, including Math Coach
- Communication with other immersion teachers
- Collaboration with a non-immersion school (08-09SY)

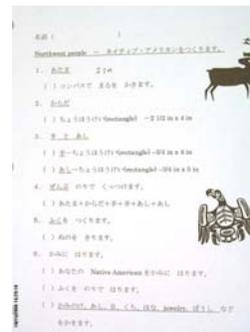
### Research-based, Effective Teaching Practice

- Computational Fluency – Daily computation drills to promote fluency and retention of previously learned facts.
- Project based learning - Connection to the real world math (e.g. survey and graph) and other subjects.
- Peer teaching – classmates, younger students, and family members
- Manipulatives Devices, Drawing, and Visual aids
- Direct Instruction – scripted, fast-pace, choral-responding, signals, much repetition (I do, we do, you do)
- Small group work – differentiated instruction to accommodate for both advanced and struggling students
- Individual instruction including after school and before school tutoring

### Computation Drills



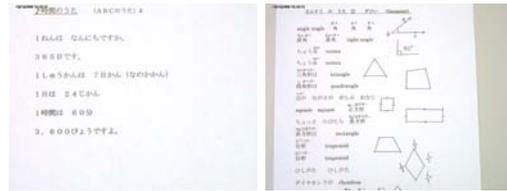
### Connection to the Real World Math



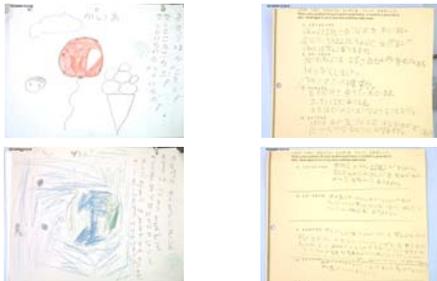
### Content-based language learning

- Sentence writing using Math vocabulary
- Reinforcing Japanese language skills by repetition throughout all grades
- Integrating Japanese culture – counting method, multiplication chants
- Songs and/or chants using math vocabulary with/without TPR

### Repetition for Mastering Math Concepts



### Sentence Writing Using Math Vocabulary



### Other Effective practice for differentiation in English

- Pre-teaching for struggling students
- Computer based supplemental program for struggling students
- Independent problem solving-problem challenge
- Small group independent study group for advanced students

### Assessment

- Washington State yearly assessment
- District initiated math assessment –three times a year
- Assessment provided by the curriculum - unit tests, mid-year, and end-of-year
- Formative assessment - slate assessment, exit slips, pair share
- Curriculum Based Assessment

### Lost in Translation



## Implications

- Ongoing collegial collaboration and communication are needed (time, budget, and resource)
- Curriculum/textbook study may enhance content-area knowledge and teaching skills
- Community building is needed in order to successfully implement textbook adoption.

## What's Next?

- On-going communication/collaboration with other teachers and administrators
- Compiling more effective Math/Language practices (assessment & differentiation)
- Articulation of Math Languages in K-5

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